

Tutorial



WORKSHOP

ON

SYNCHRONIZATION

AND

TIMING SYSTEMS

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Challenges of todays power grids

Fluctuation (production AND demand)

- Renewables
- Energy production varies over time
- ☐ Generation amount does not follow the energy demand





Disruption in Mobility

- Electric cars will change the demand side drastically
- ☐ New demand will kick in eventually instead of continuously







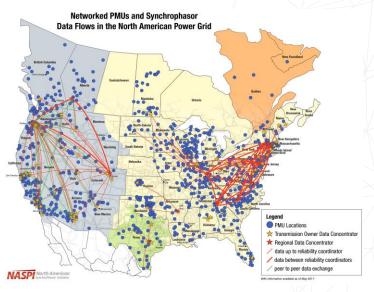
Measures to master the challenges

PMU - the NASPI

- Measure the frequency in the electrical grid
- Basis for counteract generation/demand imbalance
- The faster the fluctuations occur, the more precise the measurements need to be
- ☐ Time synchronization enables measurement correlation
- → Synchronization accuracy: < 1 usec

Modern flexible digital Substations

- The higher demand on flexibility and communication asks for digitalization
- Losing synchronicity going from analogue to digital
- → Synchronization accuracy: 1 msec on station level 1 usec on process level





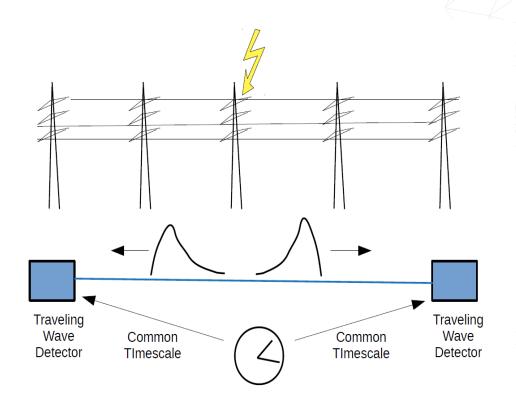


Fault and Event recording

- Sequence of event recording
- ☐ Timestamp and track events
- ☐ Provide system or area-wide Snapshot of Event / Faults and what happened before
- Used for post-mortem data analysis
- → Goal: System improvement

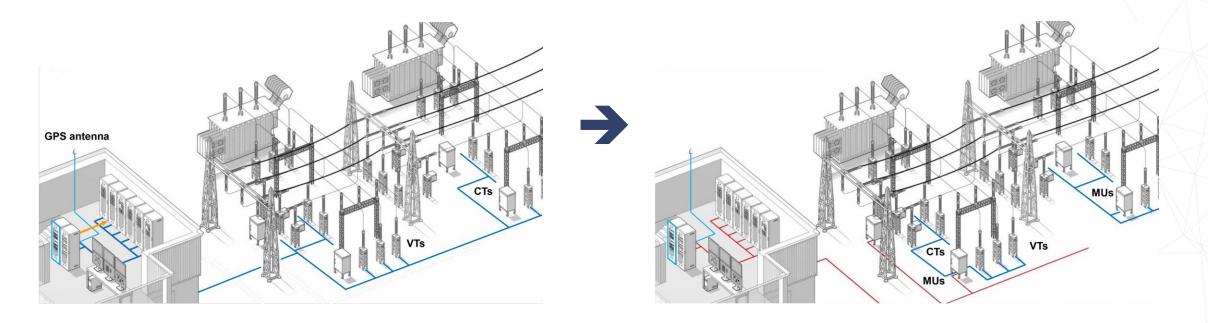
Special use case: Traveling fault detection

- ☐ locating faults on transmission lines
- ☐ a traveling wave is generated at the point of the fault
- ☐ Fault takes different time to travel
- ☐ Coordination of 2 Fault recorders
- → Repair crews can spend less time finding the damaged equipment





The digital substation



- The logic moves from the bay level to the process level to the IEDs
- Events must now be timestamped by IEDs for event recording
- To get rid of discrete wiring, data AND sync must be on the same bus system
- → IEC61850-9-3 (specifies usage of PTP IEEE1588-2008 & defines the utility profile)



Synchronization accuracy requirements

| Function | Purpose of timing | Accuracy required |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Control Room | Log file coordination | 1 second |
| SCADA system | Grid wide monitoring and control | 1 ms |
| Synchrophasors | Measurements more precise than SCADA system. Monitor grid stability. Predict faults | 1 μs |
| Travelling wave fault detection | Location of faults to within 100s of meters Improves maintenance efficiency | 300 -1000 ns |





Thank you!

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